

Tarea #2

1. $(-1200) \div (-16) = 75$

$$\begin{array}{r} 75 \\ 16 \overline{) 1200} \\ \underline{112} \\ 80 \\ \underline{80} \\ -- \end{array}$$

2. $(+90) \div (+9) = 10$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 9 \overline{) 90} \\ \underline{90} \\ -- \end{array}$$

3. $(-44500) \div (-356) = 125$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ 356 \overline{) 44500} \\ \underline{356} \\ 890 \\ \underline{712} \\ 1880 \\ \underline{1780} \\ -100 \end{array}$$

4. $(+792) \div (-33) = -24$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 33 \overline{) 792} \\ \underline{66} \\ 132 \\ \underline{132} \\ -- \end{array}$$

$$5. (-64) \div (-16) = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \overline{) 64} \\ \underline{64} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$6. (C-20)(C+2) - \frac{+60}{-12} = -35$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 20 \times 2 = -40 \\ -40 - -5 = -35 \end{array}$$

$$7. \frac{(C-75)(C-2)}{(C-2)(C-1)} \cdot (C-1) = -75$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +150 \cdot (C-1) \\ +2 \end{array}$$

$$75 \cdot (C-1) = -75$$

$$8. \frac{(C-20)(C-50)(C-10) + [(C-3)(C-2)]}{(C-5)(C-8)} + 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 80 \\ -40 \end{array} = -2$$

$$R // 4$$

$$-2 + 6 = 4$$

$$9. \frac{-15}{+5} + (C-8) = +11$$

$$-3 + (C-8) = -11$$

$$10. (42)[(C-4)(C-8)(C+5)] = 320$$

$$+2 \quad 4 \times 8 = 32 \times 5 = 160$$

$$+2 \times 160 = 320$$