

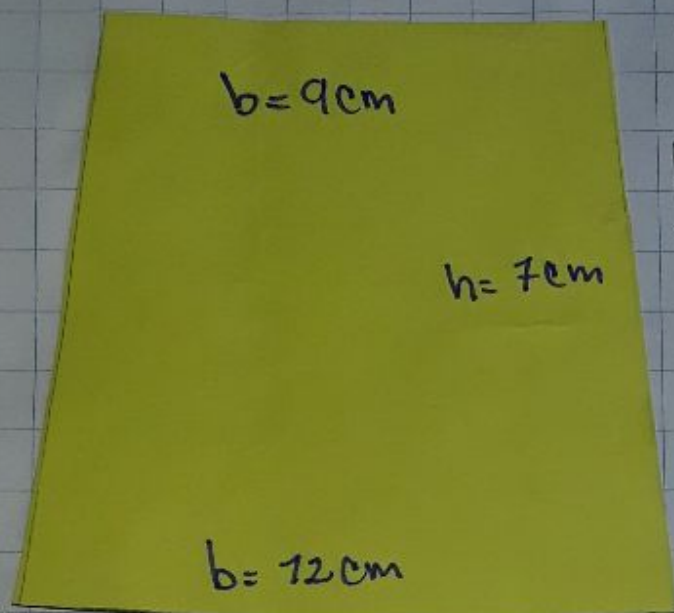
Naydelin Luna 4to juridico mate actividad no.3

Actividad No. 3.

Area de Poligonos.

4to. Juicio

Nardelin Luna.



$$A = \frac{(12 \text{ cm} + 9 \text{ cm}) \times 7 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$A = 21 \text{ cm} \times 7 \text{ cm} = 147 \text{ cm}^2$$
$$= 73.5 \text{ cm}^2$$

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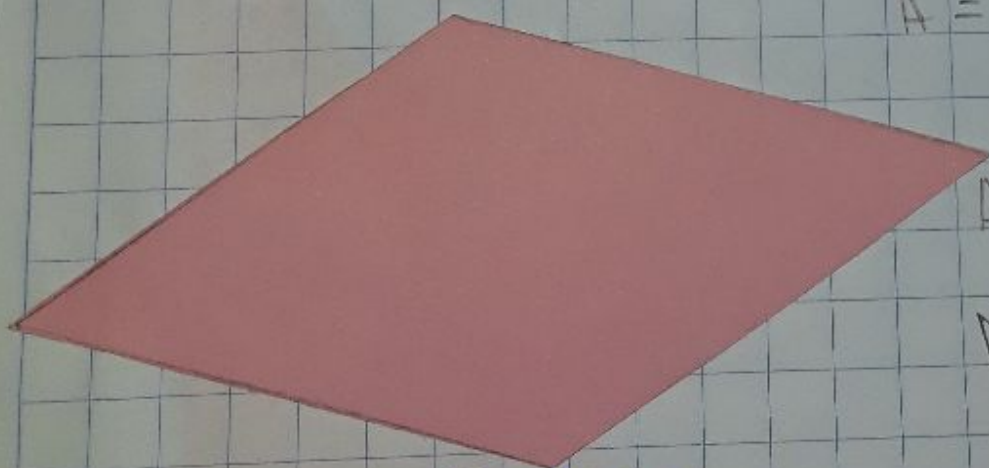
Rombo

$$d = 12 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = \frac{18 \times 12 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{216 \text{ cm}}{2} = 108 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A = 108 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$P = 18 \text{ cm}$$

Quadrilátero



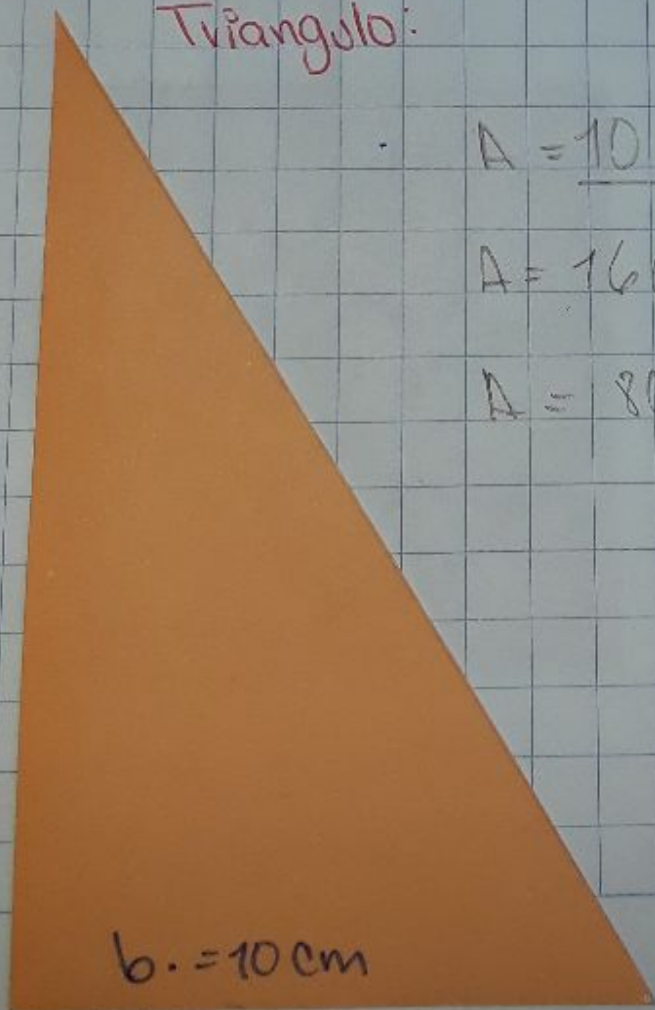
$$A = 15 \text{ cm} \times 11 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = 165 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$h = 11 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 15 \text{ cm}$$

Triângulo:



$$A = \frac{10 \times 16 \text{ cm}^2}{2}$$

$$A = 160 \text{ cm} = 80 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A = 80 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$b = 10 \text{ cm}$$

Rectángulo.

$$A = 120\text{ cm} \times 7\text{ cm}$$

$$A = 84\text{ cm}^2$$

$$h = 7\text{ cm}$$

$$b = 12\text{ cm}$$

Cuadrado:

$$A = 8\text{ cm} \times 8\text{ cm}$$

$$A = 64\text{ cm}^2$$

$$b = 8\text{ cm}$$

$$b = 8\text{ cm}$$



$$A = \frac{60 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{512 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$A = 256 \text{ cm}^2$$



$$A = \frac{(12 \text{ Lados} \times 15 \text{ cm}) \times 12 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{(210 \text{ cm}) \times 12}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{2,520 \text{ cm}}{2}$$

$$1260 \text{ cm}^2$$