

Aktivitas no.2 di Jember 1002

1. Data

44 55 65 66 66 70 72 72 72
 74 75 75 76 76 77 78 79 80
 81 81 81 81 85 84 90

2. Cara

$K = 1.1332$ $K_{ang} (n)$
 $K = 1.1332$ $K_{ang} (25)$
 $K = 1.1332$ (1.59194)
 $K = 1.1111$
 $K = 5.64$

3. Cara

$90 - 49 = 41$
 $41 + 1 = 42$

4. Cara

$K = 5.64 = P) 1.45$ 111
 $R = 42$

Interval	fi	fbs	fs	f	f1	fs
44-55	485	525	52	2	2	107
56-62	525	625	59	0	2	0
63-69	625	695	66	3	5	188
70-76	695	765	75	9	14	654
77-83	765	835	80	4	18	710
84-90	835	905	81	2	20	144
						1855

$\bar{x} = \frac{1855}{25} = 74.2$

Actividad No. 8 de Kristy Lopez

1. Ordenar datos

49 55 65 66 66 70 72 72 72
 74 75 75 76 76 77 78 79 80
 81 81 81 81 83 84 90

2) Calcula

$$K = 1 + 3.322 \log(n)$$

$$K = 1 + 3.322 \log(25)$$

$$K = 1 + 3.322 (1.39794)$$

$$K = 1 + 4.64$$

$$K = 5.64$$

3) Calcula

$$Q_0 - H_9 = 41$$

$$H_1 + 1 = 42$$

4) Calcula

$$K = \frac{5.64}{2} = P) 1.15$$

$$i) 1$$

Intervalo	xi	f	X-S	f	19	3XS
49-55	48.5	55.5	52	2	2	101
56-62	55.5	62.5	59	0	2	0
63-69	62.5	69.5	66	3	5	198
70-76	69.5	76.5	75	9	14	657
77-83	76.5	83.5	80	9	23	720
84-90	83.5	90.5	84	2	25	171

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1853}{25} = 74.12$$

1853

Mediana

Frisly López

$$\frac{25}{2} = 12.5$$

$$Md = 18i + \left(\frac{N}{2} - \frac{fa_{i-1}}{f} \right) i$$

$$Md = 69.5 + \left(\frac{12.5 - 5}{9} \right) 7$$

$$Md = 69.5 + \left(\frac{7.5}{9} \right) 7$$

$$Md = 69.5 + (0.83) 7$$

$$Md = 69.5 + 5.81$$

$$Md = 75.31$$

Moda

$$\Delta' = 9 - 9 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 9 - 7 = 2$$

$$Mo = 18i + \left(\frac{\Delta'}{\Delta' + \Delta} \right) i$$

$$Mo = 16.5 + \left(\frac{0}{0+2} \right) 7$$

$$Mo = 16.5 + 0$$

$$Mo = 16.5$$

Calcular coeficiente 42,3,

Frisby Lopez

$$Q1 = \frac{2.15}{1} \times 1 = 6.25$$

$$Q1 = 69.5 + \frac{(6.25 - 5)7}{9}$$

$$Q1 = 69.5 + \frac{(1.25)7}{9}$$

$$Q1 = 69.5 + (0.14)7$$

$$Q1 = 69.5 + 0.98$$

$$Q1 = 70.48$$

$$Q2 = \frac{15}{1} \times 2 = 12.5$$

$$Q2 = 69.5 + \frac{(12.5 - 5)7}{9}$$

$$Q2 = 69.5 + \frac{(7.5)7}{9}$$

$$Q2 = 69.5 + (0.83)7$$

$$Q2 = 69.5 + 5.81$$

$$Q2 = 75.31$$

first Lopez

$$Q3 = \frac{25 \times 5}{4} = 18.75$$

$$Q3 = 46.5 + \left(\frac{18.75 - 14}{9} \right) 7$$

$$Q3 = 46.5 + \left(\frac{4.75}{9} \right) 7$$

$$Q3 = 46.5 + (0.53) 7$$

$$Q3 = 46.5 + 3.71$$

$$Q3 = 50.21$$

Calcula deciles 2, 6, 9

$$\text{Decil 2} = \frac{25 \times 2}{10} = 5$$

$$D2 = 62.5 + \left(\frac{5 - 1}{3} \right) 7$$

$$D2 = 62.5 + \left(\frac{3}{3} \right) 7$$

$$D2 = 62.5 + (1) 7$$

$$D2 = 62.5 + 7$$

$$D2 = 69.5$$

Dec: 16

$$\frac{25}{10} \times 6 = 15$$

$$D6 = 76.5 + \frac{(15 - 14)}{9} \neq$$

$$D6 = 76.5 + \frac{(1)}{9} \neq$$

$$D6 = 76.5 + (0.11) \neq$$

$$D6 = 76.5 + 0.7 \neq$$

$$D6 = 77.2 \neq$$

Dec: 19

$$\frac{25}{10} \times 9 = 22.5$$

$$D9 = 76.5 + \frac{(22.5 - 14)}{9} \neq$$

$$D9 = 76.5 + \frac{(22.5 - 14)}{9} \neq$$

$$D9 = 76.5 + \frac{(8.5)}{9} \neq$$

$$D9 = 76.5 + (0.94) \neq$$

$$D9 = 76.5 + 0.58$$

$$D9 = 83.08$$

Calcula percentiles 15, 40 y 95 frisy lópcr

$$P_{15} = \frac{25}{100} \times 15 = 3.75$$

$$P_{15} = 62.5 + \left(\frac{3.75 - 2.7}{3} \right) \times$$

$$P_{15} = 62.5 + \left(\frac{1.05}{3} \right) \times$$

$$P_{15} = 62.5 + 0.3517$$

$$P_{15} = 62.5 + 4.06$$

$$P_{15} = 66.56$$

$$P_{40} = \frac{25}{100} \times 40 = 10$$

$$P_{40} = 16.5 + \left(\frac{10 - 9}{9} \right) \times$$

$$P_{40} = 16.5 + \left(\frac{1}{9} \right) \times$$

$$P_{40} = 16.5 + 0.3977$$

$$P_{40} = 16.5 + 2.13$$

$$P_{40} = 18.63$$

frisly 10202

pqs

$$\frac{25}{100} \times 95 = 23.75$$

$$pqs = 83.5 + \frac{(23.75 - 23.74)}{2}$$

$$pqs = 83.5 + \frac{(0.75)}{2}$$

$$pqs = 83.5 + 0.3875$$

$$pqs = 83.5 + 2.66$$

$$pqs = 86.16$$

poligono da frecuencia.

