

Semana 8

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Instrucciones: Realice lo que se le pide a
Puntaje de 25 alumnos en un examen Contador

99	55	65	66	66	70	72	72	72	74	75
76	76	77	78	79	80	81	81	81	81	83
84	90									

$$K = 1 + 3.322 \log(n)$$

$$K = 1 + 3.322 \log(25)$$

$$K = 1 + 3.322 (1.39794)$$

$$K = 1 + 4.64$$

$$K = 5.64$$

$$R = Dma \quad Dme + 1$$

$$R = 90 + 40 + 1$$

$$R = 41 + 1$$

$$R = 42$$

Intervalo

$$R = \frac{42}{5.64}$$

0

$$1 = 7.45$$

$$1 = 7$$

Puntajes de 25 alumnos en un examen de contabilidad de sociedades

	f_i	h_i	h_i^*	f_i	F_i	F_i^*	f_i	F_i	F_i^*
1	4	0.16	0.16	2	2	0.08	10	4	0.40
2	5	0.20	0.20	3	5	0.20	14	8	0.60
3	6	0.24	0.24	4	9	0.36	18	14	0.80
4	7	0.28	0.28	5	14	0.56	23	21	0.92
5	7	0.28	0.28	6	20	0.80	25	25	1.00
6	8	0.32	0.32						

$$\sum F_i^* = 18.53$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{N}$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1853}{25} = 74.12$$

$$Md = 2.9 + \left(\frac{\frac{N}{2} - F_{a-1}}{f_a} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$Md = 69.5 + \left(\frac{12.5 - 5}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$Md = 69.5 + 0.8317$$

$$Md = 69.5 + 0.8317$$

$$Ma = 69.5 + 5.81$$

$$Ma = 75.31$$

Quartiles

$$Q_1 = 2.8 + \left(\frac{N/4 - 899}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{25}{4} = 6.25$$

$$Q_1 = 2.8 + 695 \left(\frac{6.25 - 5}{9} \right) +$$

$$Q_1 = 695 + \left(\frac{1.25}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$Q_1 = 695 + (0.14) + Q_1 = 695 + 98 = 793$$

$$Q_1 =$$

$$Q_2 = 2.8 + \left(\frac{N/2 - 899}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{2 \times 25}{4} = 12.5$$

$$Q_2 = 2.8 + \left(\frac{12.5 - 5}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$Q = 69.5 + \left(\frac{7.5}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$Q_2 = 69.5 + (0.83) \cdot 1$$

$$Q = 69.5 + 5.81$$

$$Q_2 = 75.31$$

$$Q_3 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{18 + 5 - 19}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{3 \times 25}{4} = 18.75$$

$$Q_3 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{4.75}{9} \right) \cdot 1$$

$$Q_3 = 76.5 + (0.53) \cdot 1$$

$$Q_3 = 76.5 + 371$$

$$Q_3 = 8021$$

Deciles

$$D_2 = 61.9 + \left(\frac{N \times 2}{2} - F_{a9} \right) i$$

$$\frac{2 \times 25}{10} = 5$$

$$D_2 = 62.5 + \left(\frac{5 - 2}{1} \right) 7$$

$$D_2 = 62.5 + \left(\frac{3}{1} \right) 7$$

$$D_2 = 62.5 + (1) 7$$

$$62 + 7 = D_2 = 69.5$$

$$D_6 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{N \times 6}{2} - F_{a6} \right) i$$

$$D_6 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{150 - 14}{9} \right) 7$$

$$D_6 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{100}{9} \right) 7$$

$$D_6 = 76.5 + (0.11) 7$$

$$D_6 = 76.5 + 0.77 \quad D_6 = 77.2$$

$$D_9 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{225 - 14}{9} \right) 7$$

$$\frac{9 \times 25}{10} = 22.5$$

$$D_9 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{1850}{9} \right) 7$$

$$D_9 = 76.5 + (0.94) 7$$

$$D_9 = 76.5 + 6.58 \quad D_9 = 83.08$$

Percentiles:

$$D15 = \frac{25 \times 15}{100} = 3.75$$

$$D15 = 62.5 + \left(\frac{3.75 - 2}{3} \right) 7$$

$$D15 = 62.5 + \left(\frac{1.75}{3} \right) 7$$

$$D15 = 62.5 + (0.58) 7$$

$$D15 = 62.5 + 4.06$$

$$D15 = 66.56$$

$$D70 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{17.5 - 14}{9} \right) 7$$

$$D70 = \frac{25 \times 70}{100}$$

$$D70 = 76.5 + \left(\frac{3.5}{9} \right) 7$$

$$17.5$$

$$D70 = 76.5 + (0.39) 7$$

$$D70 = 76.5 + 2.73$$

$$D70 = 79.23$$

$$D95 = \frac{25 \times 95}{100} = 23.75$$

$$D95 = 83.5 + \left(\frac{23.75 - 23}{2} \right) 7$$

$$D95 = 83.5 + \left(\frac{0.75}{2} \right) 7$$

$$D95 = 83.5 + (0.38) 7$$

$$D95 = 83 + 2.66$$

$$D95 = 86.16$$